No. 2

# **ADVANCE SHEETS**

 $\mathbf{OF}$ 

# **CASES DECIDED**

IN THE

# SUPREME COURT OF VIRGINIA



Vol. 271

Pages 258-433

ATTACHMENT B. ADVANCE SheeT

FRONT COVER (a.)

271 Adv. Pages 258 to 433

ATTACHMENT B: Advance Sheets

SPINE (b.)

# **ADVANCE SHEETS**

OF

# CASES DECIDED

IN THE

# SUPREME COURT **OF VIRGINIA**



Vol. 271

Pages 258-433

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA SUPREME COURT OF VIRGINIA RICHMOND

ATTACHMENT B ADVANCE SHEETS

TITLE PAGE (C.)

## NOTE

These cases are in substantially the same form as that in which ey will appear in the bound volume. They are, however, subject to rection of typographical errors and are not final in that petitions r rehearing may be filed in any case. If a rehearing is granted, that et will be indicated by a reporter's note in the bound volume.

ATTACHMENT B: ADVANCE SHEETS

INFORMATION Sheet (d.) LISTENG OF JUSTICES

# **JUSTICES**

OF THE

# SUPREME COURT OF VIRGINIA

DURING THE TIME OF THESE REPORTS

LEROY ROUNTREE HASSELL, SR., Chief Justice
ELIZABETH BERMINGHAM LACY
BARBARA MILANO KEENAN
LAWRENCE LARKINS KOONTZ, JR.
CYNTHIA DINAH FANNON KINSER
DONALD WAYNE LEMONS
GEORGE STEVEN AGEE

SENIOR JUSTICES
HARRY LEE CARRICO
ASBURY CHRISTIAN COMPTON
ROSCOE BOLAR STEPHENSON, JR.
CHARLES STEVENS RUSSELL

ATTORNEY GENERAL
JUDITH WILLIAMS JAGDMANN<sup>1</sup>
ROBERT FRANCIS McDONNELL<sup>2</sup>

REPORTER OF DECISIONS KENT SINCLAIR

CLERK
PATRICIA LEAS HARRINGTON

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY
KARL ROBERT HADE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Term ended 1/14/06

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sworn in 1/14/06

ATTACHMENT B: ADVINCE SHEETS

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SUMMARY of Decisions (e.)

### SUMMARY OF DECISIONS IN THIS ISSUE

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In an action to collect upon a debt contract used to finance the	
purchase of a motor vehicle, the trial court did not err in	
granting plaintiff's request for a nonsuit made prior to the	
defendant's lodging of a motion to dismiss for failure to sat-	
isfy the one-year service of process requirement set forth in	
Rule 3:3(c) and Code § 8.01-275.1. The judgment granting	
the nonsuit is affirmed.	
Berry v. Trible	289
In a will contest, the circuit court erred in confirming a jury	
verdict that a handwritten phrase and notation, made on the	
face of a typewritten draft of a will containing many other	
handwritten entries, constituted a valid holographic will. The	
document, viewed as a whole, was neither wholly in the	
decedent's handwriting nor duly attested by two competent	
witnesses. That part of the decree holding that the proffered	
document was the decedent's last will is reversed; that part	
holding that a prior attested will was valid is affirmed, and	
the court's apportionment of the fees of a guardian ad litem	
is affirmed. Final judgment is entered admitting the prior	
will to probate.	
Board of Sup. of Culpeper v. Greengael, L.L.C	266
In suits brought by a developer against a local governing body	
and others arising from denial of a subdivision plat applica-	
tion and subsequent rezoning of its property, the trial court	
correctly sustained demurrers and dismissed several of the	
developer's claims, but erred in overturning such denial and	
in invalidating the rezoning. Issues concerning the devel-	
oper's failure to comply with the applicable subdivision	
ordinance, its claim to vested development rights, alleged	
"piecemeal downzoning," the validity of the subdivision	
ordinance, alleged willful misconduct by the local governing	
body and alleged violation of the developer's due process	
rights are addressed. The trial court's judgment is affirmed	
in part and reversed in part and final judgment is entered in	
favor of the local governing hody	

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In re: Robert F. Horan

Decisions (h.)

In re: Robert F. Horan 271 Va. 258 (2006)

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### **VIRGINIA:**

In the Supreme Court of Virginia held at the Supreme Court Building in the City of Richmond, on Thursday, the 19th day of January, 2006.

In re: Robert F. Horan, Jr., Commonwealth's Attorney,

Petitioner

Record Nos. 060023 and 060024

Upon Petitions for a Writ of Mandamus and a Writ of Prohibition

Proceeding under the Court's original jurisdiction pursuant to Article VI, § 1 of the Constitution of Virginia and Code § 17.1-309, the petitioner, Robert F. Horan, Jr., Commonwealth's Attorney of Fairfax County, seeks the issuance of a writ of mandamus and/or a writ of prohibition directed to the Honorable Leslie M. Alden, Judge of the Circuit Court of Fairfax County. Upon consideration of the petitions and the parties' briefs, a writ of mandamus is issued and the petition for a writ of prohibition is dismissed.

On January 3, 2006, in the capital murder case of Commonwealth v. Dinh Pham, Criminal No. K105537, pending in the Circuit Court of Fairfax County, Judge Alden granted Pham's motion to prohibit the death penalty. In a letter opinion incorporated in that order, Judge Alden concluded that the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations and Optional Protocol on Disputes, Apr. 24, 1963, 21 U.S.T. 77, T.I.A.S. No. 6820 (the "Vienna Convention"), confers judicially enforceable individual rights and that the Commonwealth violated those rights with regard to Pham. Judge Alden further concluded that the preclusion of the death penalty was an appropriate remedy for the violation of Pham's rights under the Vienna Convention and thus prohibited the Commonwealth from seeking the death penalty in that criminal proceeding. The Commonwealth's Attorney then filed the petitions for a writ of mandamus and a writ of prohibition.

"Mandamus is an extraordinary remedy employed to compel a public official to perform a purely ministerial duty imposed upon him by law." Richlands Med. Ass'n v. Commonwealth, 230 Va. 384, 386, 337 S.E.2d 737, 739 (1985); accord In re Commonwealth's Attorney for the City of Roanoke, 265 Va. 313, 317, 576 S.E.2d 458, 461 (2003). "A ministerial act is 'one which a person performs in a given state of facts and prescribed manner in obedience to the mandate of legal authority without regard to, or the exercise of, his own judgment upon the propriety of the act being done." Richlands Med. Ass'n, 230 Va. at 386, 337 S.E.2d at 739 (quoting Dovel v. Bertram, 184 Va. 19, 22, 34 S.E.2d 369, 370 (1945)). "However, when the act to be performed involves the exercise of judgment or discretion on the part of the court or judge, it becomes a judicial act and mandamus will not lie." In re Commonwealth's Attorney for the City of Roanoke, 265 Va. at 318, 567 S.E.2d at 461.

As this Court previously explained:

[Mandamus] may be appropriately used and is often used to compel courts to act where they refuse to act and ought to act, but not to direct and control the judicial discretion to be exercised in the performance of the act to be done; to compel courts to hear and decide where they have jurisdiction, but not to pre-determine the decision to be made; to require them to proceed to judgment, but not to fix and prescribe the judgment to be rendered.

Page v. Clopton, 71 Va. (30 Gratt.) 415, 418 (1878).

The provisions of Code § 18.2-31 specify the offenses that constitute capital murder in Virginia, each one being punishable as a Class 1 felony. The authorized punishment for a Class 1 felony is "death, if the person so convicted was 16 years of age or older at the time of the offense and is not determined to be mentally retarded . . . , or imprisonment for life and . . . a fine of not more than \$100,000." Code § 18.2-10(a); see also Code § 18.2-10(g) (except in cases for which the sentence of death is imposed, a court may impose life imprisonment without a fine). In other words, there are three sentencing options if a defendant is found guilty of capital murder: (1) death; (2) life imprisonment and a fine of not more than \$100,000; or (3) life imprisonment.

In the context of ruling on a pre-trial motion, Judge Alden precluded the Commonwealth's Attorney from seeking the death penalty in the event Pham is found guilty of capital murder. Under Judge Alden's order, only life imprisonment, or life imprisonment and a fine of not more than \$100,000, would be at issue in a penalty phase hearing. Judge Alden's pre-trial order not only eliminated one of the statutorily prescribed sentences that could be imposed if Pham is found guilty of capital murder, but her ruling is also tantamount to a refusal by Judge Alden to conduct a penalty phase hearing at which

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